



Prevention, Detection and Recovery from Cyberattacks A Seminar/Workshop

This is a two-day seminar, combining lecture with a hands-on, case-study based workshop that introduces individuals responsible for dealing with cyberattacks to the principles and practice of prevention, detection and recovery from hostile actions against computer systems. It includes both the technical and organizational measures that are required and focuses on the steps that must be taken and the skills that must be obtained in advance of an attack to be prepared should one occur.

Intended audience: Information Security managers and staff, I.T. management, technical support and operations personnel, Disaster Recovery Planners, Business Continuity Managers, I.S. Auditing managers and staff, Corporate Management, Risk Managers and staff

Learning objectives: Participants in this seminar will learn:

- How the reality of cyberattacks fits into their business models
- How to organize, build and maintain an effective capability to prevent, detect and recover from cyberattacks
- What tools, skills and techniques are needed to support cyberattack response
- How to test and validate recovery capabilities
- What architectural and design alternatives can be applied for cyberattack prevention, detection and recovery
- How cybersecurity can be governed and managed

Seminar outline:

- A. Cyberattacks – Myth and Reality
 - a. From hacking to attacking
 - b. State-sponsored attacks
 - c. Criminal attacks
 - d. The threat, current and potential
 - e. Why existing Disaster Recovery Plans are insufficient

- B. Organization and Governance
 - a. Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT)
 - b. Crisis Management Team (CMT)
 - c. Information Security
 - d. Business Continuity Management
 - e. IT functions
 - f. Business functions
 - g. *Case study*

- C. Building a CERT

- a. Management support and funding
 - b. Key stakeholders and participants
 - c. Mission, roles and responsibilities
 - d. Resource requirements
 - i. Personnel
 - ii. Software tools
 - iii. Hardware
 - iv. Emergency communications
 - e. Procedures
 - f. Training
 - g. Testing and validation
 - h. *Case study*
- D. Cyberattack Prevention
- a. Architecture and design
 - i. Networks
 - ii. Servers
 - iii. Data storage
 - b. Safeguards
 - i. Firewalls
 - ii. Antivirus filters
 - iii. Intrusion detection and prevention systems
 - iv. Software to enforce proper behavior
 - c. Training
 - i. CERT
 - ii. Help Desk
 - iii. End users
 - d. Maintenance
 - i. Change Control
 - ii. Upgrades
 - e. *Case study*
- E. Cyberattack Detection
- a. Human factors
 - i. Training and attentiveness
 - ii. Presumption of a hostile environment
 - iii. Dealing with false alarms
 - b. Recognizing an attack is under way
 - i. Signature recognition
 - ii. Anomaly detection
 - c. Heuristics
 - d. Alerts, alarms and triggers
 - i. Unusual volume
 - ii. Slow response times
 - iii. Unanticipated changes to software
 - e. Statistical models
 - f. *Case study*
- F. Cyberattack recovery
- a. Resources
 - i. Trusted images

- ii. Clean storage environment
 - iii. Recovery environment
 - 1. Recovery in place
 - 2. Standalone environment
 - b. Planning
 - i. Planning variables
 - ii. Recovery timing
 - c. Recovery steps
 - d. *Case study*
- G. Assessing and auditing cyber-response capabilities
 - a. Standards-based
 - b. Experience based
 - c. Testing-based
 - d. Involvement across an enterprise
 - e. *Case study*
- H. Conclusion

Seminar logistics: This is a two-day seminar/workshop (16 hours). Because of the intensive case study workshop, the seminar attendance should be limited to approximately 35 people.

Contact:

Steven Ross, Executive Principal,
stross@riskmastersintl.com, (917) 837-2484

Stacy Olewiler, Associate Principal,
solewiler@riskmastersintl.com (717) 368-6256